Generating linked RDF data from heterogeneous streaming and archival data sources: Populating the datAcron ontology



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Introduction

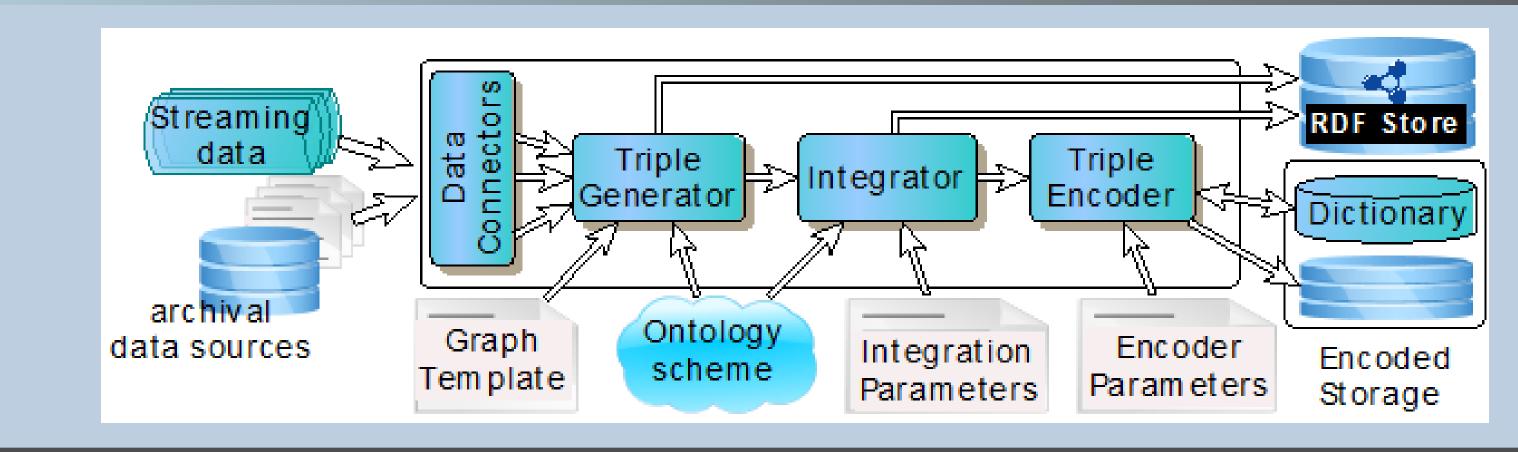
SEMANTICS

Amsterdam 2017

This work makes the following contributions:

- Proposes a framework for generating RDF from heterogeneous sources using graph templates as a generic way to map data to RDF, supporting easy tuning of the generation process and verification of the RDF data generated; also enabling cross-data source link discovery as RDF data is generated;
- Provides experimental results demonstrat-

The overall RDF generation



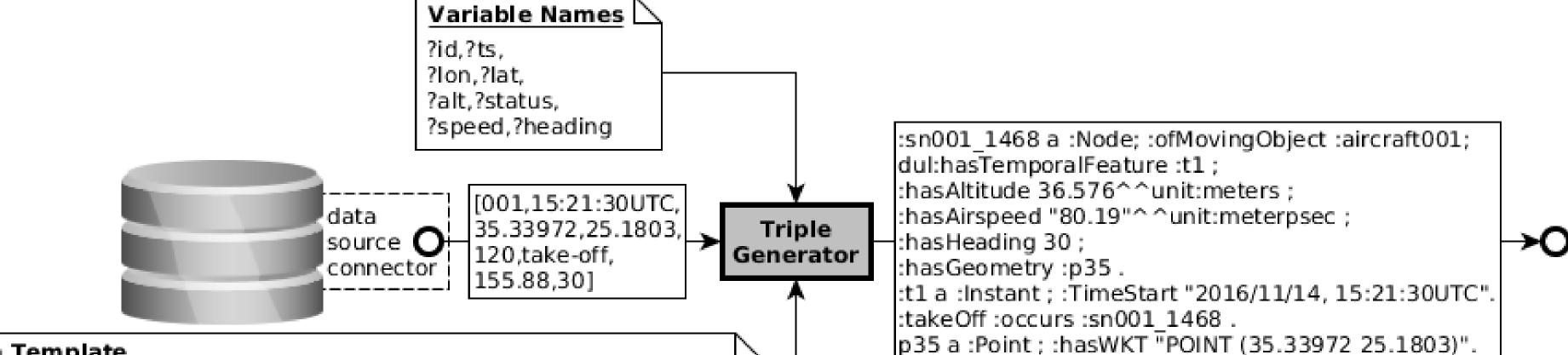
Triple generator

ing the computational efficiency of the proposed method using real-world data sources

Requirements

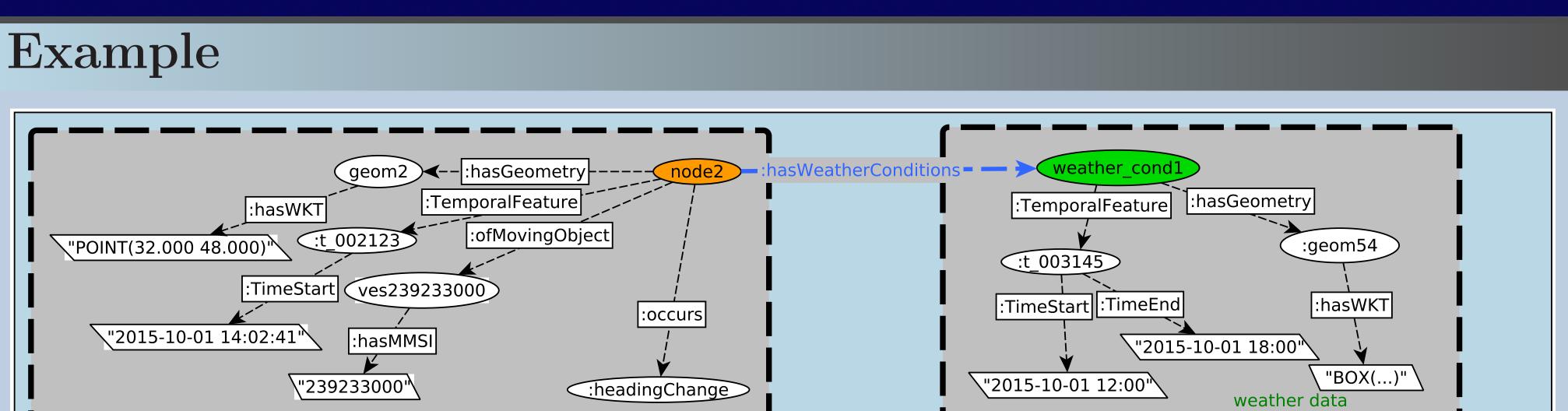
Requirements the proposed framework was called to fulfill:

- support for a wide variety of data formats, in a unique workflow,
- easily connecting to new data sources, and extending to new data formats,
- easily validating the RDF output,
- capable to consume streams of data,
- fast processing data to RDF triples,
- as generic as possible, with no dependency to any vocabulary,
- support communication between concurrent RDFization workflows, for the construction of triples "on demand",



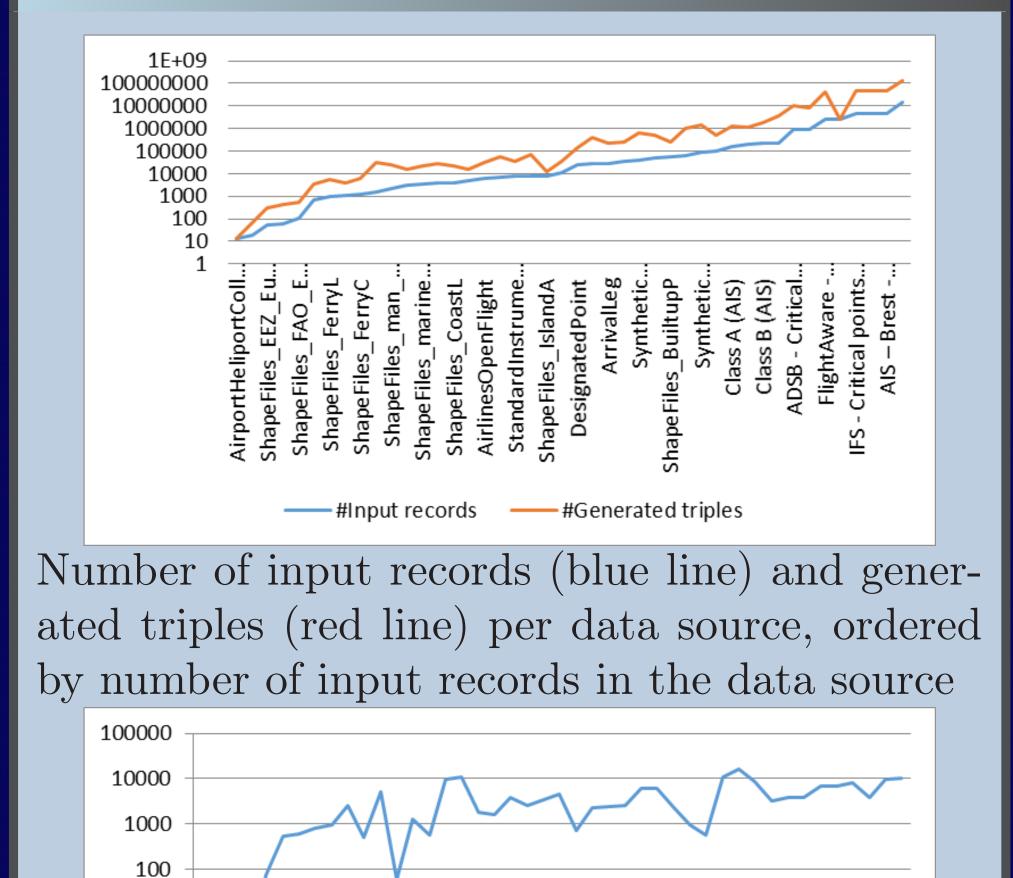
Graph Template

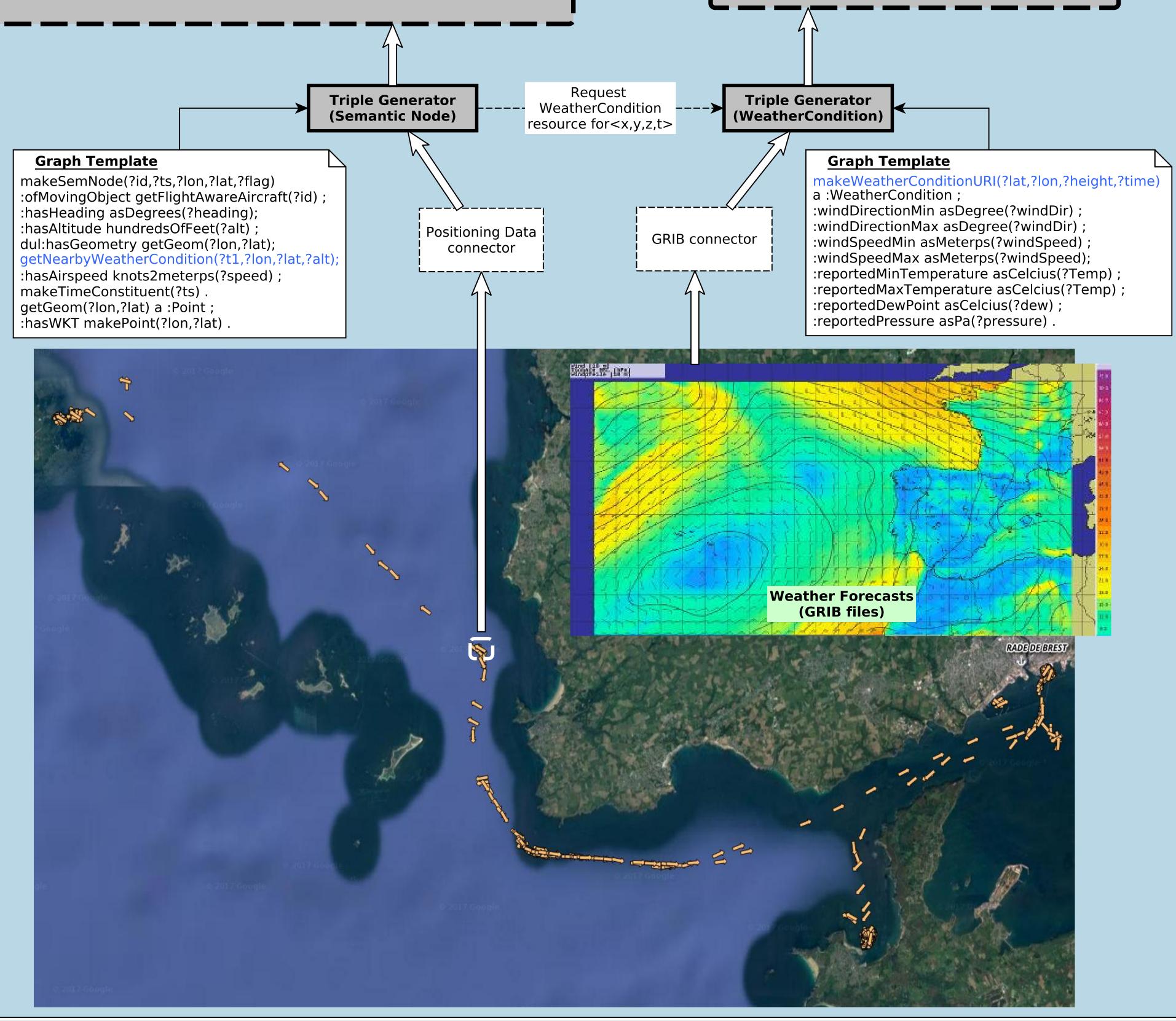
makeAviSemNode(?id,?ts,?lon,?lat,?flag) :ofMovingObject getFlightAwareAircraft(?id) ; :hasHeading asDegrees(?heading); :hasAltitude hundredsOfFeet(?alt) ;dul:hasGeometry getGeom(?lon,?lat); :hasAirspeed knots2meterps(?speed) ; makeTimeConstituent(?ts) . getGeom(?lon,?lat) a :Point ; :hasWKT makePoint(?lon,?lat) .

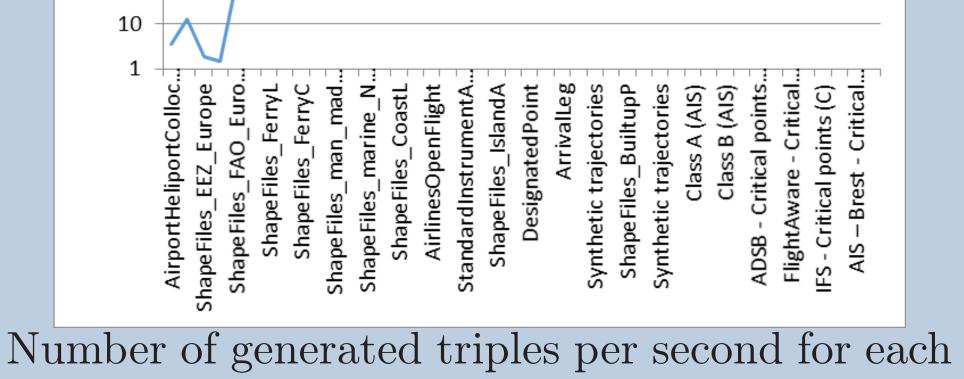


• (re)using user defined functions, for data conversion and linking

Results on RDF generation







data source, ordered by number of input records in the data source

Acknowledgements



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